

State of Rhode Island Department of Administration / Division of Purchases One Capitol Hill, Providence, Rhode Island 02908-5855 Tel: (401) 574-8100 Fax: (401) 574-8387

February 18, 2019

ADDENDUM #2

Bid # 7597706

Title: MPA-461 On Call Professional Lan Surveying Services

Bid Closing Date & Time: Thursday, March 28, 2019 @ 2:00 PM

Notice to Vendors:

Additional material added from RIDOT to include new requirements and forms.

Kathy Missell Chief Buyer

Interested parties should monitor this website, on a regular basis, for any additional information that may be posted.

I. REQUIRED FORMS:

In addition to the RIVIP Bidder Certification Form, the State also requires that the following six (6) forms be submitted by each Respondent and included in the Technical Proposal package.

One copy of the W-9 must be signed by an authorized agent of the Prime Respondent only.

REQUIRED FORMS				
Required Forms (except for W-9) are				
attached		SUB-		
	PRIME RESPONDENT	CONSULTANTS/CONTRACTORS		
W-9 Form available @				
www.purchasing.ri.gov	✓			
Debarment Form	✓	✓		
Lobbying Form	✓	✓		
Conflicts Disclosure Form-for Board of				
Directors, key personnel and anyone who				
has a potential conflict to disclose	✓	✓		
Certification for Title VI Assurance	✓	✓		
DBE Special Provision	✓			

II. TYPICAL SCOPE OF WORK FOR RI DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT (RIDEM) PROJECTS:

- a. Boundary surveys
- b. One to two foot topographical/bathymetric surveys
- c. Delineation of roads, structures, utilities (including underground), and vegetation
- d. Class I, Class II, Class III, and Class IV Surveys
- e. Monumentation (concrete and granite bounds, iron pin, drill holes)
- f. Wetlands delineation/Coastal Feature delineation
- g. Preparation and presentation of plans and applications for major or minor administrative subdivisions
- h. Grading
- i. Stake-out
- i. Easements
- k. Soil Evaluations for OWTS Design (Class IV Designer).

111. TYPICAL SCOPE OF WORK FOR RI DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (RIDOT) PROJECTS:

A. Survey Research and Compilation including:

- 1. Tax Assessors Data including: Maps, Deeds, Owners, Abutters, Acreage, Etc.
- 2. GIS Data Including: Aerials, Utilities, Wetlands, Features, Etc.
- 3. Survey Control and Monuments.
- 4. Prepare Plans or Reports of Compiled Data.

B. Perform Field Survey including:

- 1. Establish/Verify Traverse Control
- 2. Establish/Verify Baseline Control
- 3. Perform GPS control and locations
- 4. Perform Existing Conditions/Topography
- 5. Establish Existing Right of Way and Easement Lines
- 6. Locate above ground evidence of Utilities and Inverts
- 7. Locate Wetland Flags
- 8. Construction Layout
- 9. As-Built Improvements, Utilities, RIHB's
- 10. Photogrammetry and Mapping
- 11. Water Services/Soundings

C. Prepare, Finalize and Certify Plans to the appropriate Accuracy and Standard

- 1. Boundary and Easement Survey Plans
- 2. Existing Conditions and Topographical Survey Plans
- 3. Right of Way Condemnation Plats and Descriptions
- 4. Right of Way Conveyance Plats and Descriptions
- 5. Permanent and Temporary Easement Plats and Descriptions
- 6. Location Plans, Right of Way Plans, Worksheets, etc.
- 7. Subdivision Plans and Descriptions
- 8. ALTA/NSPS Land Title Survey
- 9. Utility Plan and Profile Sheets
- 10. Survey Control Worksheets
- 11. Material Quantity Worksheets

IV. SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS AND FIELD REPORTING - AS APPLICABLE TO THE USER AGENCY

- **A.** Survey Work shall comply with the "Rules and Regulations for Professional Land Surveying in the State of Rhode (current version) adopted by the Rhode Island Board of Registration for Professional Land Surveyors.
- **B.** ALTA/NSPS Land Title surveys shall comply with the "Minimum Standard Detail Requirements for ALTA/NSPS Land Title Surveys, (current version).
- **C.** Services provided by the CONSULTANT shall comply with the RIDOT manuals, procedures, and memorandums in effect as of the date of execution of the Agreement unless otherwise directed in writing by the RIDOT. Survey specific items may include but may not be limited to the following:

RIDOT CAD Standards

RIDOT Design Policy Memos (DPM) and Current Revision:

DPM 420.01 – Survey Field Books Material Specification and Format

DPM 450.10 – Right-of-Way Submissions DPM 450.02 – Plans Content Requirement

RIDOT To All Consultant Memos (TAC):

TAC-0218 – RIDOT Vertical Datum Policy Change TAC-0290 – Revised Plat Sheets TAC-0293 – Plan Cover Sheet Signatory Titles

RIDOT Work Breakdown Structure (WBS):
WBS 1.01 thru WBS 4.01

V. SUB-CONSULTANTS/SUB-CONTRACTORS

- **A.** Include Sub-Consultant's/Sub-Contractors qualifications for supplementary services listed under the scope of work which will not be self-performed. These services may include but may not be limited to the following:
- 1. Wetland Delineation and Reporting and/or Services by Wetlands Biologist
- 2. Coastal Biologist
- 3. Class IV OWTS Soil Evaluator (RIDEM licensed)
- 4. Sub Surface Utility Designation and Location
- 5. Photogrammetry and Mapping
- 6. Traffic Control and Protection
- 7. Research Technician

VI. SURVEY EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLES

Provide a list of owned/leased Land Surveying Equipment, Software and Vehicles (in the format provided) which you propose to utilize under this Agreement. The State will consider the Respondent's most efficient and effective use of proven and new survey-related best practices and technologies. All plans and reports must be available as certified hard copies, electronic and AutoCAD drawing files, as required. In addition, point files and surface files shall be provided.

VII. TECHNICAL EVALUATION COMMITTEE

A Technical Evaluation Committee (TEC), the majority of which must be currently employed by the State of Rhode Island, will be convened by RIDEM and RIDOT. The TEC will be comprised of a Chairperson and RIDEM/RIDOT technical personnel (Voting Members) assigned to evaluate and score all proposals. All members of the TEC will be required to execute a Conflicts Disclosure Statement prior to the Division of Purchases release of the Proposals.

VIII. PROPOSAL EVALUATION

The State may conduct interviews, ask written questions of the Respondents, seek written clarifications and conduct discussions on the Proposals during the evaluation and selection process. The State reserves the right to conduct an independent investigation of any information, including prior experience, identified in a Proposal by contacting Project references, accessing public information, contacting independent parties, or by any other means.

A written evaluation and ranking of each proposal will be prepared by the TEC utilizing the criteria listed below. It is anticipated there will be multiple awards; all responsible offers receiving a score of 70 or greater will be included in the Master Price Agreement.

Technical Evaluation Criteria:

Capability and Qualifications of the Firm

40 POINTS

As evidenced by firm's relevant minimum of FIVE (5) YEARS experience in providing Professional Land Surveying services.

As evidenced by firm's demonstrated ability to supply qualified staff for a wide range of concurrent project assignments

Qualifications of Available Staff

25 POINTS

As evidenced by the proposed team's academic credentials, professional licenses/certifications, subject matter expertise, and technical competence to effectively carry out the project scope.

Survey Equipment/ Vehicles

20 POINTS

As evidenced by quality and condition of proposed equipment/vehicles As evidenced by firm's utilization of proven and new survey-related best practices and technology

Firm Workload

15 POINTS

As evidenced by firm's demonstrated ability to supply sufficient qualified staff upon short notice for a wide range of concurrent project assignments.

TOTAL: 100 POINTS

Minimum Acceptable: 70 POINTS

IX. **CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

Each Respondent shall require its proposed team members to identify potential conflicts of interest or a real or perceived competitive advantage relative to this procurement. Respondents are notified that prior or existing contractual obligations between a company and a federal or state agency relative to the Project may present a conflict of interest or a competitive advantage. The State will make a determination relative to potential organizational conflicts of interest or a real or perceived competitive advantage, and its ability to mitigate such a conflict. Conflicts of interest and a real or perceived competitive advantage are described in state and federal law, and, for example, may include, but are not limited to the following situations:

An organization or individual hired by the State to provide assistance in the development of RFPs.

An organization or individual with a present or former contract with the State to prepare planning, environmental, engineering, or technical work product for the Project, and has a potential competitive advantage because such work product is not available to all potential Respondents in a timely manner prior to the procurement process.

X. ETHICS IN PUBLIC CONTRACTING ACT

The State may, in its sole discretion, disqualify the Respondent from further consideration for the award if it is found, after due notice and examination that there is a violation of the RI Code of Ethics, Chapter 36-14.1 of the Rhode Island General Laws or any other statute involving the Respondent in the procurement of the contract.

XI. REQUIREMENT TO KEEP TEAM INTACT

The team proposed by the Respondent, including but not limited to the Lead Survey firm, and other individuals identified as Key Personnel shall remain on the Respondent's team for the duration of the procurement process and, if the Respondent is awarded a contract, the duration of the Contract. If circumstances require a proposed change, it must be submitted in writing to the State. The State will determine whether to authorize a change. Unauthorized changes to the Respondent's team at any time during the procurement process may result in the elimination of the Respondent from further consideration.

XII. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS

All Respondents must have internal control systems in place that meet federal requirements for accounting. These systems must comply with requirements of 48 CFR 31, "Federal Acquisition Regulations, Contract Cost Principles and Procedures," and 23 CFR 172, "Administration of Engineering and Design Related Service Contracts."

XIII. PROGRAM FRAUD AND FALSE OR FRAUDULENT STATEMENTS OR RELATED ACTS

The Respondent acknowledges that the provisions of the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986, as amended, 31 U.S.C. § 3801 et seq. and US DOT regulations, "Program Fraud Civil Remedies" 49 CFR Part 31 apply to its actions pertaining to the Project. Upon execution of the underlying contract, the Respondent certifies or affirms the truthfulness and accuracy of any statement it has made, it makes, it may make, or cause to be made, pertaining to the underlying contract or the FHWA assisted project for which this contract work is being performed. In addition to other penalties that may be applicable, the Respondent further acknowledges that if it makes, or causes to be made, a false, fictitious or fraudulent claim, statement, submission, or certification, the Federal Government reserves the right to impose the penalties of the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act of 1986 on the Respondent to the extent the Federal Government deems appropriate.

The Respondent also acknowledges that if it makes, or causes to be made, a false, fictitious or fraudulent claim, statement,, submission, or d certification to the Federal Government under a contract connected with a project that is financed in whole or in part with Federal assistance originally awarded by FHWA under the authority of 49 U. S. C. Chapter 53, the Government reserves the right to impose the penalties of 18 U S C § 1001 and 49 U S C § 5323(I) on the Respondent, to the extent the Federal Government deems appropriate.

The Respondent agrees to include the above two clauses in each subcontract financed in whole or in part with Federal Assistance provided by FHWA. It is further agreed that the clauses shall not be modified, except to identify the subcontractor who will be subject to the provisions.

XIV. NO FEDERAL GOVERNMENT OBLIGATION TO THIRD PARTIES

The Respondent acknowledges and agrees that, notwithstanding any concurrence by the Federal Government in or approval of the solicitation or ward of the underlying Contract, absent the express written consent of the Federal Government, the Federal Government is not a party to this Contract and shall not be subject to any obligations or liabilities to the Recipient, Respondent or any other party (whether or not a party to that Contract) pertaining to any matters resulting from the underlying Contract. The Respondent agrees to include the above clause in each subcontract financed in whole or in part with Federal Assistance provided by FHWA. It is further agreed that the clause shall not be modified, except to identify the subcontractor who will be subject to its provisions.

XV. AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES (ADA) ACT

In accordance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended 29 U.S.C. § 794, the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 12101 et seq., the Architectural Barriers Act of 1968, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 4151 et seq., the Respondent agrees that it will not discriminate against individuals on the basis of disability. In addition, the Respondent agrees to comply with any implementing requirements FHWA may issue.

XVI. FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY (EEO) REQUIREMENTS

These include but are not limited to:

Nondiscrimination in Federal Public Transportation Programs:

- a. 41 CFR 60-4.3 prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex (including sexual orientation and gender identity), disability, or age, and prohibits discrimination in employment or business opportunity.
- b. Prohibition against Employment Discrimination: Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 2000e, and Executive Order No. 11246 "Equal Employment Opportunity", September 24, 1965, as amended, prohibit discrimination in employment on the basis of race, color, religion, sex or national origin.

XVII. TERMINATION FOR CAUSE AND CONVENIENCE

As outlined in The State of Rhode Island Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, as amended March 2018, with all subsequent revisions. Reasons for Termination:

The State may terminate the entire Contract, or any portion thereof, when the Respondent is prevented from proceeding with the prescribed work for any of the following reasons:

- a. An Executive Order of the President of the United States with respect to the prosecution of war; in the interest of national defense; or any civil emergency or natural disaster.
- b. An Executive Order of the Governor of the State with respect to a natural disaster or civil emergency.

- c. Court orders relating to energy consumption, and orders or injunctions obtained by third party action resulting from national or local environmental protection laws.
- d. Discovery of unanticipated archaeological artifacts of a significant nature that would require extensive and time-consuming delays in the work for the purposes of identification, evaluation, and possibly recovery.
- e. Occurrence of an unanticipated environmental situation of a significant nature that would require extensive and time-consuming delays in the work for the purposes of identification, evaluation, and possibly mitigation.
- f. Any other circumstances beyond the control of either the Department or the Respondent that precludes the orderly prosecution or completion of the work and that is in the public interest. The Department shall terminate the Contract by delivering to the Respondent a Notice of Termination which shall specify the extent of the termination, the reasons therefore, and the effective date thereof.

XXVIII. REFERENCES:

The latest revisions of the following references and resources are to be utilized in performing surveying services for RIDOT, as applicable:

- a. "Rules and Regulations for Professional Land Surveying in the State of Rhode Island" http://www.sos.ri.gov/documents/archives/regdocs/released/pdf/SBRPLS/8305.pdf
- b. <u>Rhode Island Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction Compilation of Approved Specification Revisions Supplemental Specifications Special Provisions September 2018: http://www.dot.ri.gov/business/bluebook.php</u>
- c. RIDOT Design Policy Memos (DPM): http://www.RIDOT Project Management Portal-pmp.dot.ri.gov
- d. RIDOT Work Breakdown Structure (WBS): http://www.RIDOT Project Management Portal-pmp.dot.ri.gov
- e. RIDOT To All Consultants (TAC): http://www.RIDOT Project Management Portal-pmp.dot.ri.gov

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING EQUIPMENT, SOFTWARE AND VEHICLE SUMMARY SHEET

CONSULTANT NAME:

MPA #461 On-Call Professional Land Surveying Services *Respondents may submit multiple sheets as needed.

TOTAL STATIONS AND DATA COLLECTORS

Make/Model	Serial Number	Accuracy	
	SURVEYOR OWNED OR LE	EASED GPS RECEIVERS	
Make/Model	Serial Number	Accuracy	
	LAND SURVEYING	G SOFTWARE	
AutoCAD/Civil 3D Version			
GPS Processing Software			
Other Survey Software			
LAND SURVEYING FIELD VEHICLES			
Make/Model	Year	VIN	
			

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYING PERSONNEL SUMMARY SHEET

CONSULTANT NAME:

MPA #461 On-Call Professional Land Surveying Services *Respondents may submit multiple sheets as needed.

PROFESSIONAL LAND SURVEYORS (PLS)	YEAR REGISTERED	EDUCATION	RI PLS #
SURVEY TECHNICIANS	YEARS EXPERIENCE	EDUCATION	CERTIFICATIONS
AUTO-CAD DRAFTING TECHNICIANS	YEARS EXPERIENCE	EDUCATION	CERTIFICATIONS
RESEARCH TECHNICIANS	YEARS EXPERIENCE	EDUCATION	CERTIFICATIONS

CONSULTANTS

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION
AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS
PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS FOR PRIME CONSULTANTS
AND LOWER TIER PARTICIPANTS (SUBCONSULTANTS ETC.)

Appendix B - - certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion - Lower Tier Covered Transactions

INSTRUCTIONS FOR CERTIFICATION:

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- 3. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 4. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 5. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- 6. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

- 7. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- 8. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 9. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 5 of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, ineligibility And Voluntary Exclusion - - Lower Tier Covered Participants

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

In	accordance with the code of Federal Regulations, Par	t 49 CFR Section 29.510, the
pr	ospective primary participant	_ (name of Authorized Agent),
	(Title), being duly sworn (o	r under penalty of perjury under
the	e laws of the United States), certifies to the best of his/he	er knowledge and belief, that its
pri	incipals:	
a.	Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for devoluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Fe	ebarment, declared ineligible or ederal department or agency;
b.	Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal judgment rendered against them for commission of a connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or perfor local) transaction or contract under a public transaction antitrust statues or commission of embezzlement, theft, destruction of records, making false statements, or received.	fraud or a criminal offense in ming a pubic (Federal, State or n; violation of Federal or State forgery, bribery, falsification or
C.	Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or cirentity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any paragraph (1)(b) of this certification;	villy charged by a governmental of the offenses enumerated in
d.	Have not within a three-year period preceding this application public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for	
	here the prospective primary participant is unable to certify rtification, such prospective participant shall list exceptions	
co ini pro	ceptions will not necessarily result in denial of award, but, we ntractor responsibility. For any exception noted, indicate tiating agency, and the dates of the action. Providing false in esception or administrative sanctions. If an exception is not be Department to discuss the exception prior to award of the	e below to whom it applies, the information may result in criminal ofted the contractor must contact
Sig	gnature of Authorized Agent	Date

Certification for Federal-Aid Construction/Consultant Contracts

IN ACCORDANCE WITH PUBLIC LAW 101-1210 SECTION 319 (DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND RELATED AGENCIES) THE PROSPECTIVE PARTICIPANT CERTIFIES, BY SIGNING AND SUBMITTING THIS BID OR PROPOSAL, TO THE BEST OF HIS/HER KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF, THAT:

- No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

(R.I.D.O.T. APPENDIX C)

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETION OF SF-LLL, DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

This disclosure form shall be completed by the reporting entity, whether subawardee or prime Federal recipient, at the initiation or receipt of a covered Federal action, or a material change to a previous filing, pursuant to Title 31, U.S.C. Section 1352. The filing of a form is required for each payment or agreement to make payment to any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. Use the SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet for additional information if the space on the form is inadequate. Complete all items that apply for both the initial filing and material change report. Refer to the implementing guidance published by the Office of Management and Budget for additional information.

- Identify the type of covered Federal action for which lobbying activity is and/or has been secured to influence the outcome of a covered Federal action.
- Identify the status of the covered Federal action.
- Identify the appropriate classification of this report. If this is a followup report caused by a material change to the information previously reported, enter the year and quarter in which the change occurred. Enter the date of the last previously submitted report by this reporting entity for this covered Federal action.
- 4. Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the reporting entity. Include Congressional District, If known. Check the appropriate classification of the reporting entity that designates if it is, or expects to be, a prime or subaward recipient. Identify the tier of the subawardee, e.g., the first subawardee of the prime is the 1st tier. Subawards include but are not limited to subcontracts, subgrants and contract awards under grants.
- If the organization filing the report in Item 4 checks "Subawardee," then enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the prime Federal recipient. Include Congressional District, if known.
- Enter the name of the Federal agency making the award or loan commitment. Include at least one organizational level below agency name, if known. For example, Department of Transportation, United States Coast Guard.
- Enter the Federal program name or description for the covered Federal action (item 1). If known, enter the full Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number for grants, cooperative agreements, loans, and loan commitments.
- Enter the most appropriate Federal identifying number available for the Federal action identified in item 1 (e.g., Request for Proposal (RFP) number, invitation for Bid (IFB) number, grant announcement number, the contract, grant, or loan award number, the application/proposal control number assigned by the Federal agency). Include prefixes, e.g., "RFP-DE-90-001."
- For a covered Federal action where there has been an award or loan commitment by the Federal agency, enter the Federal amount of the award/loan commitment for the prime entity identified in item 4 or 5.
- 10. (a) Enter the full name, address, city, state and zip code of the lobbying entity engaged by the reporting entity identified in item 4 to influence the covered Federal action.
 - (b) Enter the full names of the individual(s) performing services, and include full address if different from 10(a). Enter Last Name, First Name, and Middle Initial (MI).
- 11. Enter the amount of compensation paid or reasonably expected to be paid by the reporting entity (item 4) to the lobbying entity (item 10). Indicate whether the payment has been made (actual) or will be made (planned). Check all boxes that apply. If this is a material change report, enter the cumulative amount of payment made or planned to be made.
- Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If payment is made through an in-kind contribution, specify the nature and value of the in-kind payment.
- 13. Check the appropriate box(es). Check all boxes that apply. If other, specify nature.
- 14. Provide a specific and detailed description of the services that the lobbyist has performed, or will be expected to perform, and the date(s) of any services rendered. Include all preparatory and related activity,not just time spent in actual contact with Federal officials. Identify the Federal official(s) or employee(s) contacted or the officer(s), employee(s), or Member(s) of Congress that were contacted.
- 15. Check whether or not a SF-LLL-A Continuation Sheet(s) is attached.
- 16. The certifying official shall sign and date the form, print his/her name, title, and telephone number.

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 30 minutes per response, including time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding the burden estimate or any o her aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (03-48-00-46), Washington, D.C. 20503.

Approved by 03-48-0046

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

Complete this form to disclose lobbying activities pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352 - 0348-0046

(see reverse for public burden disclosure)			
1. Type of Federal Action: a. contract b. grant c. cooperative agreement d. loan e. loan guarantee f. loan insurance	2. Status of Federal Action a. bid/offer/ b. initial aw c. post-awar	application ard	3. Report Type: a. initial filing b. material change For Material Change Only: year quarter date of last report
4. Name and Address of Report Entity: ☑ Prime ☐ Subawardee Tier, if known: Congressional District, if known:		If Reporting Entity in N Name and Address of F Congressional District	
Congressional District 11 Allown.		50.g. 605/0/101	,
6. Federal Department Agency:		7. Federal Program Name CFDA Number, if app	/Description:
8. Federal Action Number, if known:		9. Award Amount, if knows	wn:
10. a. Name and Address of Lobbying Entity:			ing Services (including address if different from No. 10a)
(if individual, last name, first name, mi):		(last name, first nam	e, mi):
11. Amount of Payment (check all that apply) \$ □ actual □ pla	anned	□ c. con □ d. con □ e. defe	iner time fee umission tingent fee
12. Form of Payment (check all that apply): □ a. cash □ b. in-kind; specify: nature value value		LI 1, Olik	a, specify.
14. Brief Description of Services Performed or to be Perin Item 11 (Attach Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A, if ne		ce, including officer(s), empl	oyee(s), or Member(s) contracted, for Payment indicated
15. Continuation Sheet(s) SF-LLL-A attached:	yes ☑ no		
16. Information requested through this form is authorized by title 31 U.S.t lobbying activities is a material representation of fact upon which relin when this transaction was made or entered into. This disclosure is required to the Congress semi-annually and inspection, any person who fails to file the required disclosure shall be less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.	ance was placed by the tier above quired pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352, will be available for public	Signature: Print Name: Title:	
		Telephone No:	Date:
For Federal use Only:			Authorized for Local Reproduction Standard Form - LLL-A

Approved by 03-48-0046

DISCLOSURE OF LOBBYING ACTIVITIES

CONTINUATION SHEET

Reporting Entity:	Page	_of

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RIDOT 12/27/07

CONFLICTS DISCLOSURE POLICY

To ensure that the Rhode Island Department of Transportation (RIDOT) maintains the continued confidence and trust of the people of Rhode Island in carrying out its mission, prospective vendors must disclose any family (or other personal) relationships, associations or connections that the vendor, its affiliates, or employees, may currently have with any RIDOT employee. A Conflicts Disclosure Statement shall be submitted to RIDOT from the following:

- Owners;
- Directors;
- Principals;
- Officers, board members, or individuals with corporate authority;
- If the vendor is a partnership, the applicant's partners;
- If the vendor is a limited liability company, its members and managers;
- Employees with decision-making authority, including executive directors, managers or individuals in a similar position with corporate authority; and
- Shareholders with a controlling interest.

RE:		CTS DISCLOSURE STAT	
I,			hereby certify as follows:
I an and	n employed as a [TI to the best of my know	TLE] of TLE] [CC	DMPANY]
PLE/	ASE CHECK THE APPRO	PRIATE BOX:	
	I have no family or p time or part-time bas	ersonal relations currently of is at the Rhode Island Depart	employed either on a full- tment of Transportation.
	I do have family or Island Department o and RIDOT Division(s	personal relations currently f Transportation. Please list (if known):	/ employed at the Rhodest their name(s), title(s)
ME		TITLE	RIDOT DIVISION
	Tf magazany, mlana	e add any additional names as atta	
FOR BLOC	DD, ADOPTION OR MARRI Father, Mother, S Grandmother, Gra Law, Brother-In- Stepfather, Stepr	ES, FAMILY RELATIONS SHAN AGE, ANY OF THE FOLLOWING on, Daughter, Brother, Sister, Candson, Granddaughter, Father Law, Sister-In-Law, Son-In-Law nother, Stepson, Stepdaughter, Brother Or Half-Sister, Niece, Ne	RELATIONSHIPS: Grandfather, -In-Law, Mother-In- v, Daughter-In-Law, Stepbrother,
❖ If dis	you are unsure whether a relisclosed, please consult with RII	lationship, association, or connection OOT's Legal Office at (401) 222-6510.	you have may need to be
SIG	NATURE	DATE	
comp	plete and accurate to ti	L) certify that the information he best of your knowledge; plete and submit a new Disclos	and (2) acknowledge your

This document is used for internal RIDOT purposes only in order to address and avoid any potential conflicts at the inception of the contract process and to avoid any impropriety or the appearance of impropriety during the contract process. Any disclosures made hereto will not prejudice prospective vendors from selection.



USDOT Standard Title VI/Nondiscrimination Assurances for Contractors DOT Order 1050.2A

l,		, a duly
authorized representative o	f	
do hereby certify that the oi	rganization affirmatively agrees to the	provisions set forth by U.S. DOT
Order 1050.2A, DOT Standaı	rd Title VI Assurances and Non-Discrim	ination Provisions (April 11, 2013)
	Signature	
	Date	

APPENDIX A

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- Compliance with Regulations: The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply
 with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted
 programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as
 they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and
 made a part of this contract.
- 2. **Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- 3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

4. **Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

- 5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- 6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

APPENDIX E

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d *et seq.*, 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21;
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on

- the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on
 the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation
 systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131 -12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37
 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority
 Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures non-discrimination against
 minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with
 disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority
 and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English
 Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes
 discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title
 VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to
 your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

Last Update: November 2017

DBE SPECIAL PROVISION

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE AFFIRMATIVE ACTION CERTIFICATION FOR CONTRACTORS AND CONSULTANTS

With respect to the above numbered project, I her	eby certify that I am the	
and duly authorized representative of whose address is		

I do hereby certify that it is the intention of the above organization to affirmatively seek out and consider Disadvantaged Business Enterprises to participate in this contract as contractors, subcontractors and/or suppliers of materials and services. I agree to comply with the requirements of the U.S. Department of Transportation's regulations 49 CFR Part 26.

I understand and agree that any and all contracting in connection with this contract, whether undertaken prior to or subsequently to award of contract, will be in accordance with this provision. I also understand and agree that no contracting will be approved until the State Department of Transportation has reviewed and approved the affirmative actions taken by the above organization.

DEFINITIONS:

A "Broker," for purposes of this provision, is a DBE that has entered into a legally binding relationship to provide goods or services delivered or performed by a third party.

A "DBE Contractor" or "DBE Subcontractor," for purposes of this provision, is a DBE that has entered into a legally binding relationship with an obligation to furnish services, including the materials necessary to complete such services.

"Disadvantaged Business Enterprise" or "DBE," for purposes of this provision, means a for-profit small business concern certified by the Rhode Island Department of Administration, under U.S. Department of Transportation certification guidelines (a) that is at least 51 percent owned by one or more socially and economically disadvantaged individuals or, in the case of any corporation, in which 51 percent of the stock is owned by one or more such individuals; and (b) whose management and daily business operations are controlled by one or more of the socially and economically disadvantaged individuals who own it.

A "Joint Venture," for purposes of this provision, is an association of a DBE firm and one or more other firms to carry out a single, for-profit business enterprise, for which the parties combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge, and in which the DBE is responsible for a distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract and whose share in the capital contribution, control, management, risks, and profits of the joint venture are commensurate with its ownership interest.

A "Manufacturer," for purposes of this provision, is a DBE that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces, on the premises, the materials, supplies, articles or equipment required under the contract and of the general character described by the specifications.

A "Regular Dealer" is a DBE that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials, supplies, articles or equipment of the general character described by the specifications and required under the contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold or leased to the

Rev.09/26/2017

public in the usual course of business. In the sale of bulk items, such as cement, asphalt, steel and stone, a DBE firm may be considered a "regular dealer" if it owns and operates the distribution equipment used to deliver its products. Any additional equipment used by a regular dealer shall be through long-term lease agreements rather than on an ad hoc or contract-by-contract basis.

"Race conscious" measures (goals) or programs are those that are focused specifically on assisting DBEs.

"Race neutral" measures (goals) or programs are those that are, or can be, used to assist all small businesses, including DBEs.

"Small Business Concern" means, with respect to firms seeking to participate as DBEs in DOT-assisted contracts, a small business concern as defined pursuant to Section 3 of the Small Business Act and Small Business Administration regulations implementing it (13 CFR part 121), and that does not also exceed the cap on average annual gross receipts specified in 49 CFR 26.65(b).

"Socially and economically disadvantaged individual" means any individual who is a citizen (or lawfully admitted permanent resident) of the United States and who has been subjected to racial or ethnic prejudice or cultural bias within American society because of his or her identity as a member of a group and without regard to his or her individual qualities. The social disadvantage must stem from circumstances beyond the individual's control.

- 1. Any individual who a recipient finds to be a socially and economically disadvantaged individual on a case-by-case basis.
- 2. Any individual in the following groups, members of which are rebuttably presumed to be socially and economically disadvantaged:
 - a. "Black Americans," which includes persons having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa;
 - b. "Hispanic Americans," which includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Dominican, Central or South America, or other Spanish or Portuguese culture or origin, regardless of race;
 - c. "Native Americans," which includes persons who are enrolled members of a federally or State recognized Indian Tribe¹, Alaska Natives, or Native Hawaiians;
 - d. "Asian-Pacific Americans," which includes persons whose origins are from Japan, China, Taiwan, Korea, Burma (Myanmar), Vietnam, Laos, Cambodia (Kampuchea), Thailand, Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Brunei, Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Trust Territories of the Pacific Islands (Republic of Palau), Republic of Northern Marianas Islands, Macao, Fiji, Tonga, Kirbati, Tuvalu, Nauru, Federated States of Micronesia, or Hong Kong;
 - e. "Subcontinent Asian Americans," this includes persons whose origins are from India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan, the Maldives Islands, Nepal, or Sri Lanka;
 - f. Women; and
 - g. Any additional groups whose members are designated as socially and economically disadvantaged by the Small Business Administration (SBA), at such as time as the SBA designation becomes effective.
- 3. Being born in a particular country does not, standing alone, mean that a person is necessarily a member of one of the groups listed in this definition.

¹ A "tribally-owned concern" means any concern at least 51 percent (51%) owned by an Indian tribe as defined in 49 CFR 26.5.

I. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS AND SANCTIONS:

- A. Failure by the Contractor to demonstrate every good faith effort in fulfilling its DBE commitment during the construction period will result in the reduction in contract payments by the amount determined by multiplying the awarded contract value by the established DBE percentage (listed in Section II. A. below), and subtracting the dollar value of the work actually performed by DBE contractors. This action will not preclude RIDOT from imposing sanctions or other remedies available as specified in paragraphs below.
- B. Contractors and subcontractors are advised that failure to carry out the requirements of this provision shall constitute a breach of contract and, after notification by the Department, may result in termination of the agreement or contract by the Department, or such remedy as the Department deems appropriate. Greater detail of the rules and regulations regarding DBE utilization can be found in the Rules and Regulations for RIDOT DBE Program.
- C. Brokering of work by DBEs is not allowed and is a contract violation unless DBE is a certified DBE broker. A DBE firm involved in brokering of work may have their certification removed or suspended and shall be subject to the sanctions stated herein. Any firm that engages in willful falsification, distortion or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project shall be subject to sanctions described in paragraph (B) above and referred to the U.S. Department of Transportation's Office of the Inspector General for prosecution under Title 18, USC Section 1001.
- D. The Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Directory or other available resources may be obtained at the Rhode Island Department of Transportation Office of Civil Rights (OCR), 2 Capitol Hill, Providence, RI 02903, or at http://odeo.ri.gov/.
- E. The utilization of Disadvantaged Business Enterprises is in addition to all other equal opportunity requirements of this contract. The Contractor shall keep such records as are necessary to determine compliance with its Disadvantaged Business Enterprises Utilization obligations. The records kept by the Contractor shall include:
 - 1. The number of DBE contractors, subcontractors and suppliers; and the type of work, materials or services being performed on or incorporated in this project.
 - 2. The progress and efforts being made in seeking out DBE contractor organizations and individual DBE contractors for work on this project.
 - 3. Documentation of all correspondence, contacts, telephone calls, etc. necessary to obtain the services of DBEs on this project.
 - 4. Copies of canceled checks or other documentation that substantiates payments to DBE firms.
 - 5. All such records must be maintained for a period of three (3) years following acceptance of final payment and will be available for inspection by RIDOT and the Federal Highway Administration.
- F. A contractor for a construction contract will not be eligible for award of contract under this invitation for bids unless such contractor has submitted, at the time of the Bid Opening, this Certification. A Consultant will be required to sign this Certification at the time of the contract execution or the award of contract will be nullified.

II. PRE-AWARD REQUIREMENTS:

- A. Prior to contract award and within five (5) days from the opening of bids, the contractor/consultant shall, at a minimum, take the following actions to meet the race-conscious goal established by OCR, hereinafter referred to as the 'contract goal,':
 - 1. Appoint an EEO Officer to administer the Contractor's DBE obligations.
 - 2. Submit to the RIDOT Construction Section for approval any subcontractor and/or supplier, and submit executed subcontract agreement(s)/purchase orders, including a detailed description of the

- work and price, between the contractor and the qualified DBE to be utilized during the performance of work. In the case of consultant contracts, the consultant shall submit the above DBE obligation as stated in the Scope of Work. This DBE obligation shall be included in the proposal submission to the Design Section, and include the name of the DBE, scope of work, and the actual dollar value.
- 3. Each construction subcontract submitted shall be accompanied by a completed "DBE Utilization Plan" that specifies the items of work to be performed and the contractor's commitment to complete each subcontract entered into with a DBE pursuant to meeting the contract goal stated herein.
- 4. Any subcontract for materials or supplies provided by a DBE broker, or for other services not provided directly by a DBE firm, shall be accompanied by the RIDOT Broker Affidavit form.
- B. In the event that the cumulative percentages submitted do not equal or exceed the contract goal, RIDOT will conduct a good faith effort (GFE) review to determine the extent of the prime contractor's efforts to seek out DBEs and afford adequate subcontracting opportunities to meet the contract goal. Evidence in support of the prime's actions must be submitted using RIDOT's Good Faith Effort Form (GFEF). This form contains examples of the types of evidence set forth in 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A. RIDOT will consider this and other relevant evidence in making its GFE determination.
 - 1. Where RIDOT has determined that the prime contractor made every good faith effort to meet the contract goal, the contract shall be awarded.
 - 2. Where RIDOT has determined that the prime contractor failed to make every good faith effort in meeting the contract goal, the contract shall not be awarded, and an opportunity for administrative reconsideration shall be provided.

III. CONSTRUCTION PERIOD REQUIREMENTS:

A. Counting of Participation and Commercially Useful Function (CUF)

The total dollar value of a prime contract awarded to a DBE will be counted toward the DBE requirement. Likewise, all subcontract work performed by a DBE will count toward the DBE requirement.

The allowable value of a subcontract with DBE participation will be treated as the commitment of the prime contractor toward meeting the contract goal. The specific rules for crediting DBE participation toward contract goals are as follows:

- 1. When a DBE participates in a contract, RIDOT will consider only the value of the work actually performed by the DBE toward DBE goals. RIDOT includes the entire amount of that portion of a construction contract (or other contract not covered by paragraph (3) of this section) that is performed by the DBE's own forces. RIDOT credits the cost of supplies and materials purchased or leased by the DBE subcontractor for the work of the contract. However, supplies and equipment the DBE subcontractor purchases or leases from the prime contractor or its affiliate are not counted toward participation.
- 2. RIDOT credits the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, or managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of a USDOT-assisted contract, toward DBE goals, provided the fee is determined to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services.
- 3. When a DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted work may be counted toward DBE goals only if the DBE's subcontractor is itself a DBE. Work that a DBE subcontracts to a non-DBE firm does not count toward DBE goals.
- 4. When a DBE performs as a participant in a *joint venture*, RIDOT will count a portion of the total dollar value of the contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work of the contract that the DBE performs with its own forces toward DBE goals.

RIDOT will count expenditures to a DBE contractor toward DBE goals only if the DBE is performing a commercially useful function (CUF) on that contract.

- 1. A DBE performs a CUF when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract, and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the DBE must also be responsible, with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a DBE is performing a commercially useful function, RIDOT evaluates the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the DBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and other relevant factors. Even if a DBE is performing pursuant to normal industry practices, if those practices, in fact, erode the ability of the DBE to control its work and remain independent, the practice may affect how much can be credited toward the DBE goal and may raise questions about the DBE eligibility.
- 2. Suppliers: A supplier is considered to perform a CUF when it packages, i.e. takes quotes from several manufacturers, and/or sells from its own inventory in order to provide one or more items to a contractor. A supplier may own a franchise and/or may be a factory representative to one or more manufacturers. Consistent with a contractor's probable needs, a supplier, not a contractor, may place orders for production with manufacturers.
- 3. "Pass through" supply operations occur when the contractor decides what items shall be bought from what sources and/or agrees directly with the manufacturer, or other non-DBE party, to schedule delivery and/or directs adjustments and/or routes payments and purchase orders through the DBE. Pass through operations are not commercially useful functions and will not be counted toward contract goals.
- 4. Management: The DBE must manage the work that has been contracted to its firm. The DBE owner must supervise daily operations, either personally, or with a full-time, skilled and knowledgeable superintendent employed by and paid wages by the DBE. The superintendent must be present on the job site and under the DBE owner's direct supervision. The DBE owner must make all operational and managerial decisions for the firm. Mere performance of administrative duties is not considered supervision of daily operations.
- 5. Workforce: In order to be considered an independent business, a DBE must keep a regular workforce. DBEs cannot "share" employees with non-DBE contractors, particularly the prime contractor. The DBE shall perform its work with employees normally employed by and under the DBE's control, see paragraph 9 of this section. The DBE must be responsible for payroll and labor compliance requirements for all employees performing on the contract and is expected to prepare and finance the payrolls. Direct or indirect payments by any other contractor are not allowed.
- 6. Trucking: RIDOT will consider the following factors in determining whether a DBE trucking company is performing a CUF. The DBE must manage and supervise the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on a particular contract, and there cannot be a contrived arrangement for the purpose of meeting DBE goals.
 - a. The DBE itself must own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational vehicle being used on the contract.
 - b. The DBE must receive compensation for the total value of the services it provides on the contract using vehicles it owns, insures, and which are operated by drivers it employs.
 - c. The DBE may lease vehicles from another DBE firm, including an owner-operator who is certified as a DBE. The DBE which leases vehicles from another DBE shall receive credit for the total value of the services the lessee DBE provides on the contract.
 - d. The DBE may also lease vehicles from a non-DBE firm, including from an owner-operator.

 The DBE which leases vehicles from a non-DBE is entitled to credit for the total value of

services provided by non-DBE lessees not to exceed the value of services provided by DBE-owned vehicles on the contract. Additional participation by non-DBE lessees receives credit only for the fee or commission it receives as a result of the lease arrangement.

Example to this subsection (6) (d): DBE firm X uses two of its own trucks on a contract. It leases two trucks from DBE firm Y and six trucks from non-DBE firm Z. DBE credit would be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by firm X and firm Y, and may also be awarded for the total value of transportation services provided by four of the six trucks provided by firm Z. In all, full credit would be allowed for the participation of eight trucks. With respect to the other two trucks provided by firm Z, DBE credit could be awarded only for the fees or commission pertaining to those trucks firm X receives as a result of the lease with firm Z.

- e. For purposes of this subsection, a lease must indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over vehicles used on the project. This does not preclude vehicles from working for others during the term of the lease with the consent of the DBE, so long as the lease gives the DBE absolute priority for the use of the leased vehicle. Leased vehicles must display the name and identification number of the DBE.
- 7. All expenditures with manufacturers and suppliers must be properly documented in writing in order to count toward a DBE obligation. RIDOT will count expenditures with DBEs for materials or supplies toward DBE goals as follows:
 - a. For a DBE contractor (furnish and install) to receive credit for supplying materials, the DBE must perform the following four functions: (1) negotiate price; (2) determine quality and quantity; (3) order the materials; and (4) pay for the material itself. If the DBE does not perform all of these functions, it has not performed a CUF with respect to obtaining the materials, and the cost of the materials may not be counted toward the DBE goal. Invoices for the material should show the payor as the DBE.
 - b. If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE manufacturer, RIDOT will count 100 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies.
 - c. If the materials or supplies are purchased from a DBE regular dealer, RIDOT will count 60 percent of the cost of the materials or supplies toward DBE goals.
 - d. With respect to flaggers, when flaggers are provided, RIDOT will count 60 percent of the labor. When traffic signs are included with flaggers, the work will be counted as 100 percent.
 - e. With respect to materials or supplies purchased from a DBE which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, RIDOT will count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials and supplies required on a job site, toward DBE goals, provided RIDOT determines the fees to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. The fees will be evaluated by RIDOT after receiving the Broker's Affidavit Form from the DBE. RIDOT will not count any portion of the cost of the materials and supplies themselves toward DBE goals.
- 8. Subcontractor: A subcontractor arrangement exists when a person or firm has a contractual obligation to perform a defined portion of the contract work and the following conditions are present:
 - a. Compensation is determined by the amount of work accomplished, rather than being paid on an hourly basis.
 - b. The subcontractor exercises control over work methods (except as limited by project specifications), while furnishing and managing its own labor and equipment with only minimal, general supervision being exercised by the prime contractor.

- c. The personnel involved in the DBE subcontractor's portion of the project are both under the subcontractor's direct supervision and identified on its payroll records. When warranted by unique circumstances of a project, a DBE subcontractor may be permitted to employ on a limited basis specialty trades personnel who are not normally employed by the DBE subcontractor.
- d. Second tier DBE subcontracting will be approved only in accordance with normal industry practice and when the type of work differs from work which the DBE usually performs.
- 9. All factors pertaining to the unique conditions of a project shall be considered in determining whether a DBE subcontractor relationship actually exists on the project. A DBE subcontractor may need to lease/rent equipment, other than over-the-road trucks, and/or augment its workforce with additional skilled personnel in order to perform certain project-related work. The DBE subcontractor is required to arrange for the necessary equipment through rental/leasing agreements, as necessary. (Off-the-road equipment, such as "Euclids," may be rented/leased from the prime contractor even though the CUF guidelines prohibit rental/lease of over-the-road trucks from the prime contractor.) Likewise, in limited instances, the prime contractor may provide some, but not all, personnel to the DBE subcontractor when the following conditions are present:
 - a. A DBE must perform or exercise responsibility for at least 30 percent of the total cost of its contract with its own work force.
 - b. The DBE must not subcontract a greater portion of the work of a contract than would be expected on the basis of normal industry practice for the type of work involved.
 - c. The personnel must have a specialized expertise which has not been mastered by the DBE's own skilled/supervising/managerial personnel.
 - d. Such personnel must be placed on the DBE's payroll and come under the direct supervision of the DBE for the performance of the particular subcontract work.
 - e. The deployment of such personnel must be accomplished within the framework of a mentor-protégé agreement; or for emergency purposes, by contract change order. All instances of combining personnel must be for developmental purposes in which teaching/demonstration/consulting to the DBE must occur.
 - f. Long term, continual (e.g. from one contract to another) or chronic use by a DBE firm, of personnel normally employed by another specific firm, lacking a mentor-protégé agreement which is being carried out in good faith, is not consistent with the CUF guidelines.
 - g. To place entire work crews on DBE's payrolls when such personnel are normally employed by another specific firm is not consistent with the CUF guidelines.
 - h. A DBE may need to lease/rent equipment, except for over-the-road trucks, in order to be properly equipped to execute the work of a mentor-protégé agreement. In such cases where the DBE has investigated several possible sources of such equipment within a reasonable geographical area to the project, the DBE may find the best offer was made by the prime contractor or another subcontractor on the project. In such cases, the DBE may rent/lease such equipment from the prime or another subcontractor, provided that the use of such equipment is material to demonstrating/teaching objectives set forth in the mentor-protégé agreement. Thus, the DBE's regular employees, not those temporarily furnished by the prime contractor, or another subcontractor, shall operate such equipment for the majority of the time during which the equipment is used in the work of the DBE subcontractor under the mentor-protégé agreement.
 - i. A DBE's use of equipment owned by a prime contractor or another subcontractor or without an appropriate mentor/protégé program is inconsistent with the CUF guidelines and will result in noncompliance.
 - 10. If a contractor or subcontractor is not certified as a DBE by the Minority Business Enterprise Compliance Office under the specific NAICS code of line items identified in the contract, at the

- time of the execution of the contract or issuance of the purchase order, RIDOT will not count that firm's participation toward any DBE goals, except as provided in 49 CFR 26.87(i).
- 11. RIDOT will not count toward the contract goal the dollar value of work performed by a contractor or subcontractor after it has ceased to be a certified DBE.
- 12. RIDOT will not count the participation of a DBE subcontractor toward a contractor's final compliance with its DBE obligations on a contract until all payments being credited have been fully paid to the DBE.

B. DBE Replacement and Termination:

The contractor shall utilize the specific DBEs listed to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is listed unless the contractor obtains RIDOT's written consent as provided in this section; and unless RIDOT's consent is provided under this paragraph, the contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material unless it is performed or supplied by the listed DBE.

1. Good Cause for Replacement or Termination

The prime contractor must provide the Department's OCR with a copy of its "Intent to Substitute /Terminate" notice to the DBE setting forth the reasons for the request. This notice must advise the DBE that it has five (5) days to respond (to prime and State) with objections and why the State should not approve the prime's proposed action.

After adequate notice by the Contractor, if any DBE is unable to perform work committed toward the goal, the DBE shall provide to the OCR a signed statement stating why it is unable to complete the work. The Contractor shall document its efforts to have another DBE perform the item or to have a DBE perform other items to replace the original DBE commitment amounts. In the event the Contractor is not able to find replacement DBE work, the Contractor must provide the OCR with documentation clearly evidencing its good faith efforts. Contractors are prohibited from terminating for convenience any DBE firm used to fulfill a commitment pursuant to meeting the contract goal stated herein.

Prior to substitution or termination of a DBE subcontractor, the contractor shall demonstrate good cause and obtain written approval from the OCR.

In accordance with 49 CFR Part 26.53 good cause includes the following circumstances:

- a. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to execute a written contract;
- b. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to perform the work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards. Provided, however, that good cause does not exist if the failure or refusal of the DBE subcontractor to perform its work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the prime contractor;
- c. The listed DBE subcontractor fails or refuses to meet the prime contractor's reasonable, nondiscriminatory bond requirements;
- d. The listed DBE subcontractor becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness;
- e. The listed DBE subcontractor is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant 2 CFR Parts 180, 215 and 1200 or applicable state law:
- f. RIDOT determines that the listed DBE subcontractor is not a responsible contractor;
- g. The listed DBE subcontractor voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to RIDOT written notice of its withdrawal;
- h. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work required;

i. A DBE owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the listed DBE contractor is unable to complete its work on the contract;

j. Other documented good cause that RIDOT determines compels the termination of the DBE subcontractor. Provided, that good cause does not exist if the prime contractor seeks to terminate a DBE it relied upon to obtain the contract so that the prime contractor can self-perform the work for which the DBE contractor was engaged or so that the prime contractor can substitute another DBE or non-DBE contractor after contract award.

In addition to post-award terminations, the provisions of this section apply to pre-award deletions of or substitutions for DBE firms put forward by offerors in negotiated procurements.

Failure by the contractor to carry out the requirements of this part is a material breach of the contract and may result in the termination of the contract or such other remedies that RIDOT deems appropriate.

2. Good Faith Efforts to Replace

When a DBE subcontractor is terminated as provided in paragraph (1) of this section, or fails to complete its work on the contract for any reason, RIDOT requires the prime contractor to make good faith efforts to find another DBE subcontractor to substitute for the original DBE. These good faith efforts shall be directed at finding another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work under the contract as the DBE that was terminated, to the extent needed to meet the contract goal RIDOT established for the procurement. The good faith efforts shall be documented by the contractor. If RIDOT requests documentation under this provision, the contractor shall submit the documentation within 7 days, which may be extended for an additional 7 days if necessary at the request of the contractor, and RIDOT shall provide a written determination to the contractor stating whether or not good faith efforts have been demonstrated. The determination shall be made by the DBELO, under the criteria established below.

If there is a change order to a contract on which there is a DBE contract goal, then that contract goal applies to the change order as well as to the original contract. In the event of significant change orders, good faith efforts are required dependent upon the type of change order; RIDOT determines on a case-by-case basis what constitutes good faith efforts in the context of a particular change order. This could include modifying the contract goal amount applicable to the change order if circumstances warrant. When a change order decreases work, i.e. RIDOT determines specific line items are no longer necessary on a contract or there is a quantity change on an item, no good faith effort must be shown. However, when an increase of work occurs or there is a termination of a DBE, good faith efforts must be shown in accordance with the preceding requirements.

C. Monthly Payment Certifications:

All contractors on RIDOT projects are required to certify their payments to subcontractors by use of RIDOT's contractor compliance software on a minimum of a monthly basis (which, at time of publishing, is Prism). A project may not proceed to finalization without the input of this information. RIDOT's Prompt Payment Clause applies to both DBE and non-DBE subcontracts. The Contractor is responsible for the subcontractors' compliance with the submission of their payment reporting by way of this software.

D. Joint Check Procedure for DBEs:

A prime contractor must receive written approval by the Department's DBELO before using a joint check for materials/supplies called for under a subcontract with a DBE. Joint check requests shall be submitted by the prime contractor to the Department's OCR in writing along with a Joint Check Affidavit and the subcontract agreement. The following are general conditions that must be met regarding joint check use:

1. The use of the joint check shall only be allowed by exception and shall not compromise the independence of the DBE;

- 2. The second party (typically the prime contractor) acts solely as a guarantor;
- 3. The DBE must release the check to the supplier;
- 4. The subcontract agreement must reflect the total contract value, including the cost of materials and installation; actual payments for work performed by the DBE may reflect labor only; and
- 5. The DBE remains responsible for negotiation of price, determining quality and quantity, ordering materials and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself.

IV. FINAL SUBCONTRACTOR PAYMENTS AND RELEASE OF RETAINAGE

Prior to receiving final payment, the Contractor shall provide to the Resident Engineer certification of the dollars paid to each DBE firm using Form "DBE Request for Verification Payment." The certification shall be dated and signed by a responsible officer of the Contractor and by the DBE. Falsification of this certification will result in sanctions listed in Sections I. of this provision.

If this contract contains a DBE goal, the Contract Compliance Officer with the OCR will verify that the Contractor has attained the DBE goal specified on said project or has provided adequate documentation justifying a lesser amount. The final estimate will not be paid to the Contractor until proper certifications have been made.

When a subcontractor's work is satisfactorily complete (i.e., all the tasks called for in the subcontract have been accomplished and documented), and the Department has partially accepted the work and all payments have been certified by the Contractor and subcontractor on the "Certification of Progress Payment" form, the Prime Contractor shall release all retainage held by the Prime Contractor within thirty (30) days of satisfactory completion of the subcontractor's work. The subcontractor shall submit to the Prime Contractor the final executed form within ten (10) days of receipt of payment.

Signature of Contractor or Consultant	
Date	